

DIN HALF SIZE LCD DISPLAY COUNTER

LC24 Counters



- •Large 7-digit display
- •Leading "0"s in the display are eliminated for easy reading •Wide counting range

PRODUCT TYPE 1) Non-voltage input type

	Part No.			May autrent			
Types	With manual reset	Without manual reset	Rated operating voltage	Max. current consumption	No. of digits	Counting speed	Input
LC24-F Flush mounting type	LC24-F	LC24-F-N	Built-in battery (Battery life: 10 years)		7	20 and	Non-voltage input
LC24-C PC board mounting type	LC24-C		3V DC (Uses manganese dioxide lithium battery)	20 μA (When resetting: 200 μA)			non-voltage input

2) Voltage input type

	Part No.						
Types	With manual reset	Without manual reset	Rated operating voltage	No. of digits	Counting speed	Input	
	LC24-F-AL LC24-F-AL-N Built-in battery		20	100 to 120V AC/DC (Signal reset is controlled by non-voltage type input)			
LC24-F Flush mounting type	LC24-F-AH	LC24-F-AH-N	(Battery life: 6 years)	7	30 cps	200 to 240V AC/DC (Signal reset is controlled by non-voltage type input)	
	LC24-F-DL LC24-F-DL-N Built-in battery (Battery life: 10 years)		70 cps	4.5 to 30V DC			

SPECIFICATIONS

Input signals

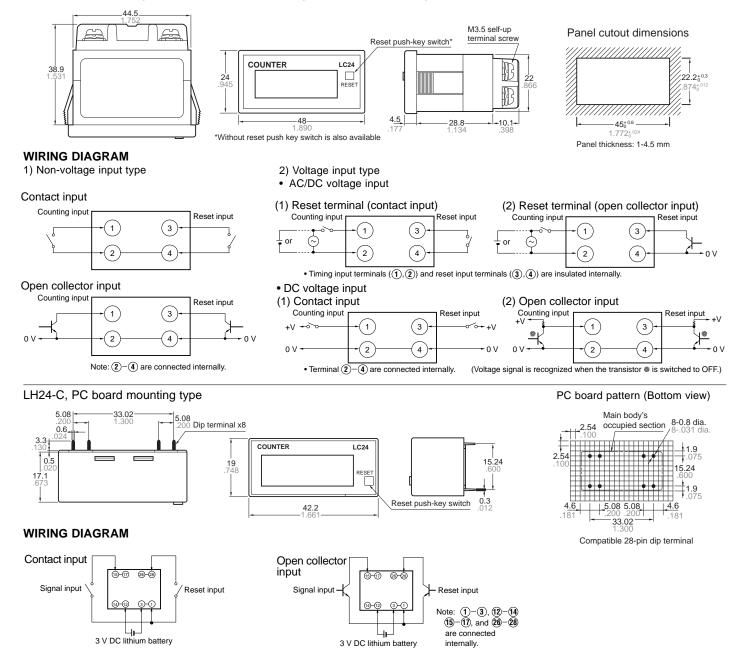
		Non-voltage input type		Voltage input type		
		Flush mounting type	PC board mounting type	AC/DC input type	DC input type	
Operation signal	Min. operating signal width	16.7 ms (ON:OFF = 1:1)			7.15 ms (ON:OFF = 1:1)	
	Input method	Non-voltage input: C	ON: 100 to 120V AC/DC, 200 to 240V AC/DC OFF: 0 to 2V AC/DC	ON: 4.5 to 30V DC OFF: 0 to 2V DC		
	Input impedance	Λ	10 kΩ			
	Residual voltage					
Signal reset	Min. signal reset width	20ms	ms			
	Input method	Non-v	ON: 4.5 to 30V DC OFF: 0 to 2V DC			
	Input impedance	Ν	7.5 kΩ			
	Residual voltage					
Manual reset min. input width		20ms 500ms		20ms		

Characteristics

		Non-voltag	ge input type	Voltage input type				
		LC24-F Flush-mounting type	LC24-C PC board mounting type	AC/DC input type	DC input type			
Rated operating	voltage	Built-in battery	3V DC (manganese dioxide lithium battery)	Built-in	battery			
Battery life		10 years		6 years	10 years			
Shock	Functional		10G (4 times on 3 axes)					
resistance	Destructive		30G (5 times on 3 axes)					
Vibration Functional 10 to 55 Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.3 mm (10 m		plitude of 0.3 mm (10 min on 3	axes)					
resistance	Destructive	10 1	10 to 55 Hz: 1 cycle/min double amplitude of 0.75 mm (1 h on 3 axes)					
Ambient tempera	ature		-10 to +55°C	+14 to 131°F				
Storage temperature		-25 to +65°C +13 to 149°F						
Ambient humidity			35 to 85% RH					
Counting direction			Addition (UP)					

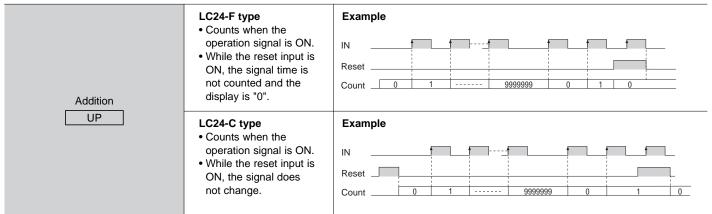
DIMENSIONS

LC24-F, flush mounting type (Common for non-voltage input type and voltage input type)



mm (inch)

OPERATION EXPLANATION



CAUTIONS

<Non-voltage input type>

- Since the current from the operation signal and reset input terminals

 (1)-③ (flush mounting type), ⑤-⑧ (PC board mounting type)] is small, use relays and switches which have high-reliability contact performance.
- 2. When input signals are triggered through the transistor's open collector, use a small signal transistor with an I_{CBO} less than 1 μ A, being sure to trigger them with no voltage across the collector.
- 3. When connecting the signal input and reset input wires, do not run them parallel to high-voltage or power cables and avoid using the same conduit. Use shielded wires or metallic conduits which are as short as possible. If the floating capacitance of the wires exceeds 500 pF (approx. 10 m for parallel wires of 2 mm²), it will cause malfunctions.
- Lithium batteries are built in the flush mounting types. Never throw them into a fire. Do not dispose of them in trash intended to be incinerated.

•PC board mounting type-

- 1. After connecting the external power, be sure to reset it to make sure that "0" appears on the display.
- 2. Battery life is calculated as follows:

$$t = \frac{A}{I}$$

- t: Battery life (h)
- I: Consumption current (mA)
- A: Battery capacity when the operating voltage becomes minimum.

3. Hand soldering:

Soldering iron	30 W to 60 W		
Iron tip temperature	Approx. 300°C (572°F)		
Soldering time	Less than approx. 3 seconds		

<Voltage input type> • AC/DC Voltage input type

- 1. Apply voltage to the signal input terminal. Do not apply voltage to the reset input terminal. When voltage exceeding the range of the rated input voltage is applied to the signal input terminal, or if voltage is applied to the reset terminal, it may cause break-down of internal elements.
- 2. Since the current from the reset input terminal is small, use relays and switches which have high-reliability contact performance.
- 3. When reset is triggered through the transistor's open collector, use a small signal transistor with an I_{CBO} less than 1 μ A, being sure to trigger it with no voltage across the collector.
- For external reset, make a temporary short-circuit between the rear reset terminals [3-4].
- DC voltage input type
- 1.When more than 30 V DC is applied to the signal or reset input terminals, it may cause breakdown of internal elements.
- For external reset, voltage is applied between the rear reset terminals
 [③-④] to the H level (4.5 to 30 V DC). In this case, connect (–) to terminal ④ and (+) to terminal ③]. Since they are polarized, they will not operate with reverse polarity.

Common

- When connecting the operation signal wires [1-2] and reset input wires
 [3-4], do not run them in parallel with high-voltage or power cables. Avoid running signal or reset wires in a power conduit. Use shielded wires or metal conduits which are as short as possible. If the floating capacitance of these wires exceeds 500 pF (approximately 10 m for parallel wires of 2 mm²), it will cause malfunctions.
- 2. Lithium batteries are built in. Never throw them into a fire. Do not dispose of them in trash intended to be incinerated.